# PIPETTING PERFORMANCE CAPABILITIES OF THE BIOMEK I-SERIES AUTOMATED WORKSTATION 



## Introduction:

Minimizing user error and bias are important aspects for generating reliable and reproducible data while characterizing scientific problems. Automated workflows increase efficiency, and productivity, while also increasing standardization of process and data collection. Precision and accuracy during an analytical process play an important role in data generation and collection. Liquid handlers are a useful tool for automating workflow solutions, with accuracy and precision associated with the liquid transfers being a critical component of their adoption. The Beckman Coulter Life Sciences Biomek i-Series liquid handler is a versatile system and has been used to demonstrate a wide variety of applications for high-throughput testing in the fields of genomics, proteomics, drug discovery, biologics, cell line development etc. Biomek liquid handlers can transfer volumes from $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ to $1000 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ using different tip types and pipetting heads with different syringe sizes. The multichannel head is available as 384 channel with $60 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ capacity head and 96 channel, as $300 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ and $1200 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ capacity head. The Span-8 pod comes with syringe sizes of $250 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ and $1000 \mu \mathrm{~L}$.

The Artel Multichannel Verification System (MVS ${ }^{\circledR}$ ) is routinely used to verify accuracy and precision in volume transfers across liquid handlers. It is a NIST (National Institute of Standards and Technology) traceable system. The Artel company has successfully shown low-volume pipetting with calibrating techniques by adjusting offsets and slopes (1). To add on to this initiative we tested various Biomek i-Series workstations with multiple pipetting heads and Span-8 systems to be confident of the low-volume capabilities of the workstation.


Figure 1: (A) Biomek i7 Hybrid Automated Workstation with optional enclosure on a Biomek Mobile Workstation. (B) Close up on Span-8 Pod with 4 fixed and 4 disposable tips. (C) Close up of $1200 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ MC head loaded with 96 T1070 tips.

## Materials:

- Setup of devices for testing:
- Span-8 Pod was tested on 3 of 4 different instruments.
- For Multichannel testing, 3 of 4 different instruments were used in combination with different heads. For 96 and 384 channel heads, 4 heads in combination with different tip types were used to collect data points. For 384 capacity head, the number of tip lots tested was 2 or 3 while for 96 channel head it was 5-8.
- Biomek i-Series Automated Workstation with Biomek Software version 5.0.94
- Artel MVS Station and software version 3.2.0.14
- Biomek i-Series tips and lids


## Procedure:

The volumes were measured using an Artel commercial volume measuring system using the reagents designed for it. Calibration was performed on both the measurement system and the instruments prior
to commencement of actual volume testing. The development lab where testing was conducted, maintained temperature between $22.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $24.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and relative humidity (RH) between $14.1 \%$ and $43 \%$. For the Span-8 Pod testing, two Span-8 i5 Biomeks, an i7 dual hybrid and an i7 Span-8 system were used. Each specification listed in Table 1 was tested on 3 of the 4 instruments. A total of 288 data points were collected for each specification using three different lot numbers for the different tip types. Table 1 provides a summary of the statistics grouped by Span-8 syringe volume, volume transferred, and tip type used.

For the multichannel system two i7 Dual MC Biomeks and two i7 Hybrid Biomeks were used. A total of 4 heads were tested for each specification listed in Table 2. Different numbers of data points were collected based on the head type (more points for 384 vs 96) with each tested across three different tip lot number. Table 2 provides a summary of MC head with volume, volume transferred, and tip type used.

The target CV\% was set to between $3 \%$ and $7 \%$, and inaccuracy between 3\% and 5\% for the volumes tested as per the specifications ${ }^{(2)}$.

## Table 1:

Volume Transfer Data with Span-8 Pod

| Span-8 Syringe Volume | Tip Type | Transfer Volume $(\boldsymbol{\mu L})$ | Inaccuracy $\pm \%$ | $\mathbf{C V} \leq \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 250 | Fixed | 0.5 | 0.12 | 4.58 |
| 250 | Fixed | 1 | 2.42 | 1.71 |
| 250 | T80 | 1 | 0.58 | 5.04 |
| 250 | T90 | 1 | 0.17 | 4.68 |
| 250 | T80 | T90 | 5 | 0.44 |
| 250 | Fixed | 5 | 0.15 | 1.49 |
| 250 | T80 | 10 | 0.88 | 1.41 |
| 250 | T230 | Fixed | 10 | 0.43 |
| 1000 | T1070 | 10 | 0.34 | 1.67 |
| 1000 | T230 | 100 | 0.13 | 0.92 |
| 1000 | T1070 | 200 | 0.13 | 1.26 |
| 1000 | 900 | 0.39 | 1.26 |  |
| 1000 |  |  | 0.10 | 0.85 |

## Table 2:

Volume Transfer Data with Multichannel (MC) head

| MC Head Type | Tip Type | Transfer Volume ( $\mu \mathrm{L}$ ) | Inaccuracy $\pm \%$ | CV $\leq \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 384_60 6 L | T30_384 | 0.5 | 0.38 | 5.06 |
| 384_60 6 L | T30_384 | 1 | 0.05 | 3.71 |
| 384_60 $\mathrm{\mu L}$ | T30_384 | 5 | 0.08 | 2.96 |
| 96_300 $\mu \mathrm{L}$ | T80 | 1 | 0.48 | 5.5 |
| $96 \_300 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ | T80 | 5 | 0.76 | 1.58 |
| 96_300 $\mu \mathrm{L}$ | T80 | 10 | 1.03 | 1.38 |
| 96_300 $\mathrm{\mu L}$ | T90 | 1 | 2.77 | 4.61 |
| 96_300 $\mu \mathrm{L}$ | T90 | 5 | 0.09 | 2.45 |
| 96_300 $\mu \mathrm{L}$ | T230 | 25 | 0.31 | 0.85 |
| $96 \_300 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ | T230 | 200 | 0.17 | 0.63 |
| 96_1000 $\mu \mathrm{L}$ | T80 | 5 | 0.04 | 1.58 |
| 96_1000 $\mu \mathrm{L}$ | T80 | 10 | 0.78 | 2.18 |
| $96 \_1000 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ | T90 | 5 | 0.3 | 1.4 |
| $96 \_1000 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ | T90 | 10 | 0.64 | 2.06 |
| 96 | T230 | 25 | 0.43 | 0.79 |
| $96 \_1000 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ | T230 | 200 | 0.39 | 083 |
| 96_1000 $\mu \mathrm{L}$ | T1070 | 100 | 0.09 | 0.78 |
| 96_1000 $\mu \mathrm{L}$ | T1070 | 950 | 0.1 | 0.28 |

## Results:

The Span-8 pipettor of the Biomek liquid handler successfully transferred low volumes of $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ with inaccuracy of less than $0.12 \%$ and CV less than $4.58 \%$. It transferred high volumes of $900 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ with inaccuracy of less than $0.102 \%$ and CV less than $0.392 \%$.

For the lowest volume transfer of $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ using the 384 MC head, the mean transfer volume for each individual head was less than $0.38 \%$ for inaccuracy and CV was less than $5.06 \%$. The 96 MC head transferred a high volume of 950 $\mu \mathrm{L}$ with inaccuracy of $0.1 \%$ and CV less than $0.28 \%$.

Conclusion: This application note demonstrates that using different combinations of pipetting heads and tips, the Biomek liquid handler can transfer low and high volumes with accuracy and precision, which is critical for consistency, reproducibility, and standardization of workflows.

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